Abstract

An oxide superconductor includes a textured superconducting material including an array of defects, where the defects are a compound of two elements foreign to the superconductor, plus other elements native to the superconductor. The two foreign elements include one from group A and one from group B (or alternately the two foreign elements include the element uranium and one element from group C), where group A includes Cr, Mo, W, or Nd, group B includes Pt, Zr, Pd, Ni, Ti, Hf, Ce and Th, and group C includes Zr, Pd, Ni, Ti, Hf, Ce and Th. The array of defects is dispersed throughout the superconducting material. The superconducting material may be the RE₁Ba₂Cu₃O₇₋₈ compound, wherein RE = Y, Nd, La, Sm, Eu, Gd, Dy, Ho, Er, Tm, Yb, Lu, Tb; the Bi₂Sr₂CaCu₂O_x, (Bi, Pb)₂Sr₂CaCu₂O_x, Bi₂Sr₂Ca₂Cu₃O_x and (Bi, Pb)₂Sr₂Ca₂Cu₃O_x compounds; the HgBa₂Ca₂Cu₃O₈ and HgBa₂CaCu₂O₆ compounds, the TlCaBa₂Cu₂O_x or Tl₂Ca₂Ba₂Cu₃O_x compounds and compounds involving substitution such as the Nd_{1+x}Ba_{2-x}Cu₃O_x compounds.